Change a record of sex

Information for young people



This fact sheet is for **young people under 18 years.** It will help you find out what you need to know about changing your record of sex.

Help

If you need help:



A Births, Deaths and Marriages (BDM) team member can explain the process of changing a record of sex to you. You can talk to us by phoning **132 842**.



BDM's Marguk-bulok koolin-ik Team (Aboriginal Outreach) is available to support Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander people to access BDM services. You can email them at **bdm.koori@justice.vic.gov.au**

Your parent(s) or legal guardian(s) can read more about changing a record of sex at bdm.vic.gov.au

What does it mean to change a record of sex?

If you were born in Victoria, Australia

With your agreement, your parent(s) or legal guardian(s) may apply to change your record of sex.

This means they ask BDM to change the sex descriptor on your birth certificate.

A 'sex descriptor' is the word(s) you use to describe the sex you identify as.

For example, your birth certificate might show 'male', but you identify as 'female'.

If you were born outside Victoria, Australia

With your agreement, your parent(s) or legal guardian(s) may apply to change your record of sex.

This means they can apply for a certificate that will show the sex you identify as.

This certificate is called a recognised details certificate.



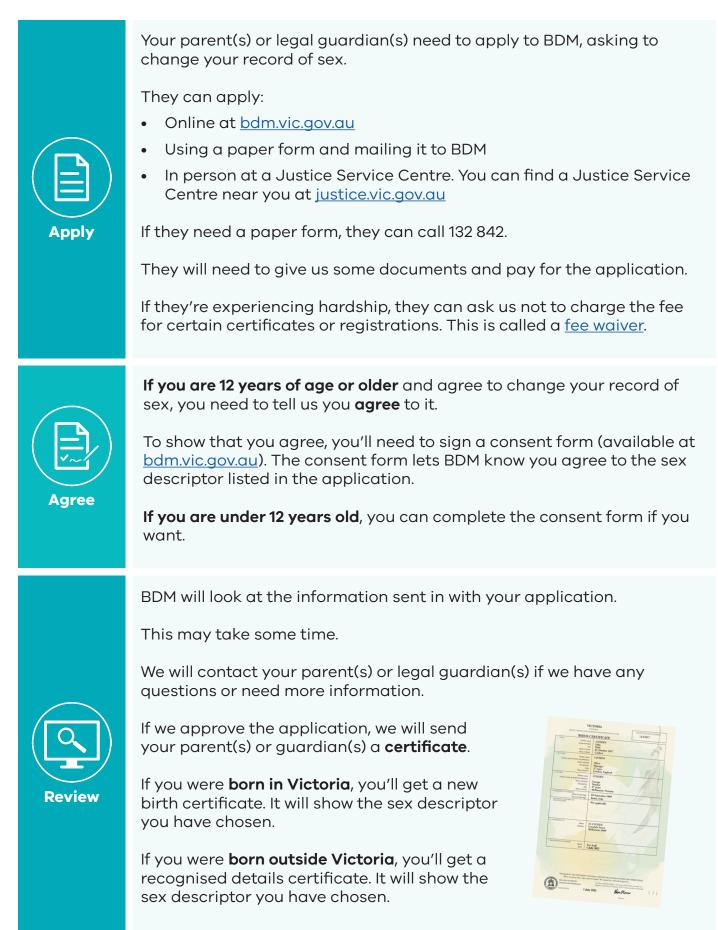


The Department of Government Services acknowledges Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people as the Traditional Custodians of the land and acknowledges and pays respect to their Elders, past and present.

What is the process?

You don't need to have surgery to have your record of sex changed.

BDM accepts most sex descriptors, but there are some the law doesn't allow.





This process takes time.

We'll post your certificate to the address you put in your application.

Check our current processing times for correcting a certificate at <u>bdm.vic.gov.au</u> if you want to know more.

You or your parent(s) or legal guardian(s) may want to update your identity documents and records to show the sex on your new birth certificate or recognised details certificate.

These documents may include:

- Passport
- Learner permit
- School identity card.

To do this, you or your parent(s) or legal guardian(s) can show your certificate.

For example, show your certificate to your school so they can update their records.

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